

**CHINESE FLAGSHIP SECONDARY CURRICULUM
AN INTERCONNECTED WORLD - Level 4**

UNIT 2 Topic 2: The Contemporary Life

What will students be able to do by the end of this unit?

<p>Speaking/ Listening (interpersonal and presentational)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students can discuss why people use the Internet. • Students can express some opinions about contemporary life with some details. • Students can ask and respond to questions in a conversation about whether he/she is willing to do something for someone else. • Students can present their experiences about online shopping and trips to China.
<p>Reading (interpretive)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students can read and understand about surfing the internet. • Students can read and understand the main points about applying for a visa to visit China. • Students can read and understand online advertisements, weather, and travel plans. • Students can read and understand the major points of online news.
<p>Writing Presentational Interpersonal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students can send Chinese messages on a social media board. • Students can write their opinions about e-life. • Students can write email responses. • Students can write a story based on four pictures. <p>Suggested characters for writing: 智能手机 更新 现金 信用卡 网上支付 网上购物 网上聊天 差别 利弊 提供 详细 信息 网络地图 网店 有效期 笑话 广告 关键词 合法 非法 天气预报 低头族</p>

<p>AP Theme</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technology and Contemporary Life
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Vocabulary	Phrases/Grammar
<p>1. 现金 cash 2. 信用卡 credit card 3. 网上支付 pay online 4. 百货商店 department store 5. 网店 online shop 6. 网上购物 online shopping 7. 网上聊天 online chat</p>	<p>1. 人们在上网喜欢做什么? What do people like to do online? 人们上网看新闻, 查地图, 看电影, 聊天, 玩游戏, 购物以及交易股票等等。 People go online to read the news, search up maps, watch movies, chat, play games, shop, trade stocks, etc.</p> <p>2. 为什么越来越多的人不常去百货商店而喜欢网上购物? Why have more and more people stopped going to department stores in favor of shopping online? 因为网上购物既便宜又可以省很多时间。 This is because shopping online is both cheaper and much more time efficient.</p> <p>3. 如何通过网络迅速找到你所需的信息或者喜欢的商品? How do you use the Internet to quickly find the information that you need or the items that</p>

8. 广告 advertisement	you want to buy? 你在谷歌，百度及一些购物网站上输入关键词就可以找到了。
9. 标识牌 public signs	You just need to search up some key terms using Google, Baidu, or other shopping websites to find what you are looking for.
10. 详细 detailed	
11. 信息 information	4. 如何在中国的淘宝网购物?
12. 提供 provide	How do you shop on China's Taobao website?
13. 差别 difference	人们用一种叫阿里旺旺的即时通讯的方式与卖家联系后购买所需商品。
14. 平板电脑 IPad/Tablet	People use AliWangWang's instant messaging to contact the sellers to buy the products that they need.
15. 即时通讯 instant messaging	5. 为什么数码相机很快地取代了胶片相机? Why did digital cameras quickly replace film cameras? 因为数码相机可以立即看到照片的效果并能很快地传送给他人。
16. 关键词 keywords	This is because you can immediately see your photo's result using a digital camera and you can quickly send it to other people.
17. 股票 stocks/shares	6. 你们上网聊天时喜欢聊什么?
18. 网络地图 online map	What do you guys like to talk about when you chat online?
19. 数码相机 digital camera	我们喜欢聊电影，音乐，运动以及对一些事情的看法。 We like to talk about movies, music, sports, and our views on some issues.
20. 航班 flight	
21. 利弊 advantages and disadvantages	Grammar:
22. 合法 legal	1. 特别是... (especially)
23. 非法 illegal	When followed by a noun phrase, extends the meaning of the preceding sentence.
24. 屏蔽 blocked/shield	现在很多人都喜欢花时间上网和别人聊天，特别是群聊。
25. 申请表 application Form	Currently many people like to spend their time online chatting with others, especially in group chats.
26. 账号 account number	人们喜欢上网看书，特别是小说，现在网络小说倍受欢迎。
27. 笑话 joke	Many people like to use the Internet to read books, especially novels. Online novels are particularly popular.
28. 天气预报 weather report	2. 几乎 (almost)
29. 邀请函 invitation letter	我现在不常去百货商店买东西了，几乎都在网上购物。
30. 有效期 valid date	I rarely go to department stores to buy things anymore; instead, I almost always shop online.
31. 低头族 Phubbing	3. 通过 + V
32. 更新 update/renew/replace	Refers to the means by which something is accomplished. The expression may be used for something abstract or concrete.
33. 签证 visa	我们现在可以通过网络看电影了。
Supplementary	We can now use the Internet to watch movies.
1. 模拟 analog	人们可以通过网络地图的街景很容易找到目的地。
2. 微信 WeChat	People can use street images from online maps to easily find their destination.
3. 淘宝网 Taobao	4. 既然..... 就 (since/as...)
4. 亚马逊 Amazon	This construction consists of two clauses. The first clause introduces a premise that has already been realized or confirmed and the second clause states the conclusion that is reached on the basis of the premise.
5. 阿里旺旺 AliWangWang	既然你有信用卡，那出门购物就不用带那么多现金了。
6. 支付宝 Alipay/PayPal	Since you have a credit card, there is no need to bring that much cash with you when you go shopping.
	5. 认为... (...believe/think...) Is used to express opinions or make comments.
	我认为一离开手机就感到不安是正常的，可是大卫认为这是不正常的。
	I think that it is normal to feel uneasy without my cellphone, but David thinks that that is strange.
	大卫的父母认为年轻人每天上网的时间不能超过一个小时。
	David's parents believe that young people should not go online for more than an hour a day.

Planning for Instruction

What instructional activities will be used?

Lesson 1: 了解上网的目的

To know the purposes behind surfing the Internet

Objective/s:

1. Students will be able to read and understand the purpose of surfing the internet.
2. Students will be able to ask and respond to questions about why people use the Internet and write out their own opinions.

Vocabulary:

1. 提供 **provide**
2. 详细 **detailed**
3. 信息 **information**
4. 更新 **update/renew**
5. 股票 **stocks/shares**
6. 网上聊天 **online chat**
7. 平板电脑 **iPad**

Grammar/Patterns:

特别是… (**especially**)

When followed by a noun phrase, extends the meaning of the preceding sentence.

现在很多人都喜欢花时间上网和别人聊天，特别是群聊。

人们喜欢上网看书，特别是小说，现在网络小说倍受欢迎。

我很喜欢用平板电脑上网，特别是用i Pad。

她的哥哥常常去运动，特别是游泳，他几乎每天都去游。

Teach Vocabulary:

[Lesson 1 Vocabulary PPT](#)

Activity 1:

Reading comprehension and speaking

阅读理解及谈<<上网的目的>>

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 2:

Speaking and writing practices

说及写的练习

[Activity Instruction](#)

Lesson 2: 旅行1-网上准备去中国的签证

Travel 1-utilize the internet to prepare a visa to visit China

Objective/s:

- Students will be able to read and understand the information in Chinese about how to apply for a visa to visit China.
- Students will be able to appropriately ask and respond to questions in a conversation about whether he/she is willing to write an Invitational Letter for someone else.
- Students will know how to fill in Visa Application Form. Additionally, they should be able to recognize the information on a given Visa.

Vocabulary:

1. 签证 Visa
2. 邀请函 invitation letter
3. 申请表 Application Form
4. 有效期 valid date
5. 信用卡 credit card
6. 现金 cash
7. 网上支付 pay online

Grammar/Patterns:

既然…… 就 …… (since/as…) This construction consists of two clauses. The first clause introduces a premise that has already been realized or confirmed and the second clause states the conclusion that is reached on the basis of the premise.

- 在申请签证时既然有人给你写邀请函，那你就不用这么早订飞机票了。
- 既然去中国的签证是十年有效，那么我们去中国旅游就方便多了。
- 既然你会中文，那我们就不用另请翻译了。

Teach Vocabulary:

[Lesson 2 Vocabulary PPT](#)

Activity 1:

Reading comprehension- 阅读理解

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 2:

Interpersonal Speaking-情景对话

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 3: Filling in the Visa Application Form and recognize information on a given Visa

填写签证申请表并识读签证

[Activity instruction](#)

Lesson 3 : 旅行2—制定旅行计划

Travel 2-Arrange a travel plan

Objective/s:

- Students will be able to go online and collect the information in Chinese about maps, the weather, tickets, etc.
- Students will be able to arrange their travel plans.
- Students will be able to present their experiences about the trip to China.

Vocabulary:

1. 天气预报 **weather report**
2. 航班**flight**
3. 网络地图 **online map**
4. 数码相机 **digital camera**
5. 标识牌 **public signs**
6. 广告 **advertisement**

Grammar/Patterns:

通过 ……+ V

Refers to the means by which something is accomplished. The expression may be used for something abstract or concrete.

我们现在可以通过网络看电影了。

人们可以通过网络地图的街景很容易找到目的地。

可以通过苹果手机定位找人很容易。

通过朋友的详细介绍，我对北京的了解更多了。

我们常常通过发短信或者微信和朋友们联系。

Teach Vocabulary:

[Lesson 3 Vocabulary PPT](#)

Activity 1:

Email Responses—回复邮件

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 2:

Culture Presentation

[Activity Instruction](#)

Lesson 4 : 网上购物 Online Shopping

Objectives:

- Students will be able to understand and present about online shopping.
- Students will realize the importance of typing characters correctly.

Vocabulary:

1. 笑话 joke/闹笑话 make a fool of oneself
2. 账号 account
3. 百货商店 department store
4. 网店 online shop
5. 网上购物 online shopping
6. 合法 legal
7. 非法 illegal

Supplementary

1. 淘宝网 Taobao
2. 亚马逊 Amazon
3. 阿里旺旺 AliWangWang
4. 支付宝 Alipay/PayPal

Grammar/Patterns:

几乎 (almost)

我现在不常去百货商店买东西了，几乎都在网上购物。

他几乎每天上网看新闻和聊天。

我们班的同学几乎每个人都想暑假去中国。

因为使用信用卡很方便，所以我们去旅游的时候几乎不带现金。

淘宝网在中国很有名，几乎每个中国人都知道这个购物网站。

Teach Vocabulary:

[Lesson 4 Vocabulary PPT](#)

Activity 1:

Conversational Speaking-
[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 2:

Interpersonal Writing
[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 3:

Culture Presentation
[Activity Instruction](#)

Lesson 5 : 智能手机 Smartphone

Objective/s:

- Students will be able to write a story/narration based on the four pictures.
- Students will be able to discuss their opinions about the video's topic and engage in a debate.

Vocabulary:

1. 差别 difference
2. 屏蔽 blocked/shield
3. 即时通讯 instant messaging
4. 利弊 advantages and disadvantages
5. 关键词 keywords
6. 低头族 Phobbing

upplementary

微信 WeChat

Grammar/Patterns:

…认为… (…believe/think…) Is used to express opinions or make comments.

我认为一离开手机就感到不安是正常的，可是大卫认为这是不正常的。

大卫的父母认为年轻人每天上网的时间不能超过一个小时。

我们认为在网上看电影比去电影院看电影既方便又省钱。

玛丽亚认为学好中文的最好方法就是去中国留学。

大家都认为和中国朋友联系的最好方式是微信。

Teach Vocabulary:

[Lesson 5 Vocabulary PPT](#)

Activity 1:

Presentational writing -Story narration

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 2:

Reading comprehension

[Activity Instruction](#)

Activity 3:

The Debate

[Activity Instruction](#)

CULTURAL CONNECTIONS

网购买礼物很方便， 但是在中国送人礼物要注意什么呢？

中国人送礼讲究哪些禁忌<http://bbs1.people.com.cn/post/23/1/2/144253093.html>

送礼学问大 习俗禁忌多<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=53BsB5NogWI>

送礼大禁忌<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mw8m8-gQoKI>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LQIk9JuMPfQ>

[Activity Instruction](#)

Adapted from Jefferson County Public Schools, KY, 2011